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The Davis River or Sacramento was the first dam
in Dopeka, and second in Kansas See Hiram
Acme's, 1855 ag. p 67.

DAILY KANSAS FREEMAN.

VOL. 1.

TOPEKA, KANSAS TERRITORY, OCTOBER 23, 1855.

NO. 1.

Select Poetry.

Song from 'The Hidden Path.'

OF LITTLE FAITHFUL.

FRANK.

Sister, I faint! the world has been
To me a desert, drear and bare,
Its brightest light a troubled sheen
Dying amid the murky air;
Yet lightly onward bound thy feet
And blithely sound thy words of cheer—
Dear sister, doth some angel sweet
Whisper of Heaven into thine ear?

ISABEL.

When the cloud-storm draws darkly nigh
When gloom enshrouds my upward way
And through the night the anxious eye
Looks vainly for one guiding ray—
Yet cheerfully would I press on
I know the blessed light will fall
ore purely when the night is gone—
I hope, I hope, I hope through all.

FRANK.

Sister, I miss my dear old home—
Its all, to win of love one draught;
But wasted—from the eastern riven
Have flowed the streams I would have quaffed.
Thy lip still holds its gladsome smile,
Thine eye is ever dim with care,
Say! is thy spirit wrung the while,
Or hath but joy an entrance there.

ISABEL.

When eyes that ever used to beam
Affection warm and deep and free,
Now changed to frozen mountains seem
All cold and meaningless to me—
The heart will bleed—but each wild throe,
Each parting link is one more call
To the changeless Land to which I go,
Brother! I hope, I hope through all.
RICHMOND, Va.

The latest advices we have from Oregon and Washington Territories, represents that great excitement exists there on account of a proposition to carve out a third U. S. Territory, around Walla Walla out of a portion of both Oregon and Washington Territories.

A Washington correspondent states that on Wednesday, while the cabinet was in session considering the question of the Danish Sound Dues, the President received from Kansas a memorial signed by a large number of the earliest settlers of the Territory, protesting against the eager haste of Shannon in declaring himself in favor of slavery. The memorial was immediately given to the cabinet for action thereon.

Communications.

MR. EDITOR:—When a stranger in a strange land meets with accommodations to his liking, it is generally the last thing that he forgets, and when he remembers it, it always excites in his heart pleasurable emotions, and he feels like repaying a debt of gratitude. This being my condition, you will please permit me to recommend to the traveling community the House of my friend, Mr. HRY McGEE, at "One Hundred and Ten."

I had the pleasure of stopping two nights with Mr. McGee some time back, and found him in every particular an accommodating landlord—whilst his table and bedding bore sure and indisputable marks of the superintending hand of an unexceptionable Landlady. KANSAS.

Union of the North.

Whatever local divisions may exist, in any quarter, we hope to see, before the important elections of next year, an entire and cordial union of all the voters of the North, who are opposed to making the national government the instrument of propagating and perpetuating slavery—a union to bring into power a different set of men, actuated by nobler and more patriotic purposes, and willing to do as efficient service for freedom, as past administrations have done for slavery. For this result we have constantly labored, and shall continue to labor. We believe the great majority of the people of this State desire such united action, and it has been our endeavor to do all in our power to keep all obstacles out of the way of this movement.

There are other questions of great political importance that we would not lose sight of; yet this, to us, is of first importance, and cannot be made to yield in behalf of any other. It is not necessary that it should, in order to carry out other important principles. The American party of the North has indeed emphatically placed itself at the head of the Republican movement, and in every northern State, except possibly New York, where action has not yet been had on the Philadelphia platform, an American triumph is also a triumph of Republicanism. The principles for which we have contended, also with

the Republican party, and even principles still more anti-slavery, have been openly avowed as leading articles in the American creed.

It will need a thorough concentration of the northern vote to carry the next Presidential election against the supporters of slavery. It must be expected that the South will make common cause, and go in a united phalanx for a man of their own stamp. If they succeed in carrying a small portion of the northern electoral vote, they will accomplish their object, and perpetuate their power for another four years term.

In our State affairs, we have seen no special necessity for any division, if only a reasonable spirit of conciliation is shown on both sides, and bitter denunciations and reproaches are avoided. If the effect of some of these uncalled for proceedings, heretofore, can be well got over, we shall still hope for the next year to have a good occasion to withdraw our confidence from a ticket to which last year we gave a cordial support; nor have we seen any necessity of running up the names of the candidates a long while before the election, or of commencing a vigorous warfare in their behalf.

It occurs to us that in view of the generally entertained opinion of the infamy of the Nebraska bill, and the, if possible, greater infamy of the Kansas row, that the phrase "popular sovereignty" should be slightly altered so as to read *un-popular sovereignty*.—*Mil. Free Dem.*

PROCLAMATION!

Glad Tidings of Great Joy!!

OH YES! OH YES! OH YES! HEAR YE! ALL IN WANT

OF

FINE & FANCY GOODS!

COMMERCIAL HEAD QUARTERS, under the office of the "Kansas Freeman," Kansas Avenue, Topeka, K. T., is now open and ready for the reception of visitors wishing to purchase Dry Goods, Groceries, Books and Stationery, Rags and Medicines, Fancy Goods, Music, Pots and Shocs, Hats and Caps; with ten thousand articles too numerous to mention. We admit of no rival, challenge competition, and only ask a discerning Public to give us a call and convince themselves that we under sell all others.

Topeka, K. T., Sept. 19, '55.

Cigars,

At Commercial Head Quarters. (See 26-46)

Daily "Freeman"

~~Gov.~~ Gov. Reeder is now en route for Pennsylvania, to make provision for his family for the winter, preparatory to taking his seat as Delegate to Congress from Kansas.

Constitutional Convention.

Sickness.

We are sorry to learn, that several of the members elect to the Constitutional Convention are disabled from sickness, to be in attendance at the early portion of its session. We trust, however, and prophecy in advance, that Kansas will have a Constitution *the best* in the Union.

Constitutional Convention.

This important body will organize for business to-morrow. The proceedings will be carefully scrutinized not only by the people of this Territory, but of the entire Union. Those comprising it, are, in our opinion competent for the task their constituents have assigned them. We doubt not an instrument will be framed that will meet the approbation of the friends of freedom throughout the civilized world. All the progress made in the science of government is known and appreciated by the members. Every proposition presented will be carefully examined.— Every step guardedly taken. And when the work is complete we feel confident from our knowledge of the gentlemen engaged in the task that our people will at the ballot-box endorse it with great unanimity.

TOPEKA, Oct. 28, '55.

MR. EDITOR:—I came to your beautiful city as a lobby member of the Constitutional Convention.

I was greatly and agreeably surprised to find the progress your enterprising citizens had made in their preparations to entertain the members and spectators of the convention.

The stone building selected for their deliberations, would be creditable to a city in the States, and the room is indeed comfortable, not only for members but for visitors.

The Hotels are bountifully supplied, not only with the necessities, but the luxuries of life. The rooms kindly furnished by Mr. Garvey to the Executive Committee and other members are beautifully furnished and altogether comfortable.

The many visitors he expected will not be disappointed, but we doubt not will leave Topeka satisfied with the accommodations received from the hands of your kind hearted people.

Yours, R.

Guitars.

A large and very fine assortment of rosewood Guitars, at various prices, ranging from \$3 to \$40. Also Violins, from 25 cents to \$25, at Commercial Head Quarters. [Sep. 26.—tf.]

GUITAR and Violin Strings, and every kind of Musical Merchandise, kept constantly on hand, at Commercial Head Quarters. [Sep. 26.—tf.]

CLARONETTS, Flutes, Flageolets, Piccolo's and Fifes, at reduced prices, at Commercial Head Quarters. [Sep. 26.—tf.]

Sheet Music!

A large collection on hand, and New Music Received as soon as published, at Commercial Head Quarters. [Sep. 26.—tf.]

Law Books,

For sale at Commercial Head Quarters. [Sep. 26, '55.—tf.]

Family Bibles,

Can be found at Commercial Head Quarters. [Sep. 26, '55.—tf.]

Clark's Commentary,

Six vols. in calf, cheap at Commercial Head Quarters. [Sep. 26, '55.—tf.]

School Books,

At Commercial Head Quarters. [Sep. 26.—tf.]

Inks, Red Black and Blue,

At Commercial Head Quarters. [Sep. 26.—tf.]

A Good Assortment Medical Works, At Commercial Head Quarters. [Sep. 26.—tf.]

Blank Books,

At Commercial Head Quarters. [Sep. 26.—tf.]

Assorted Candy,

At Commercial Head Quarters. [Sep. 26.—tf.]

Boots and Shoes!

The best, very best assortment in the Territory, and at the lowest prices, can be had at Commercial Head Quarters.

P. S.—Whole cases at Boston wholesale prices, adding transportation. [Sep. 26.—tf.]

Hats and Caps,

At Commercial Head Quarters [Sep. 26.—tf.]

Sardines, Fresh and Good,

At Commercial Head Quarters. [Sep. 26.—tf.]

Broad Cloths!

A fine stock, at Commercial Head Quarters. [Sep. 26.—tf.]

Ready Made Clothing,

At Commercial Head Quarters. [Sep. 26.—tf.]

Merchant Tailors' Trimmings,

At Commercial Head Quarters. [Sep. 26.—tf.]

Commercial Head Quarters,

Under the office of the Kansas Freeman, on Kansas avenue, Topeka, K. T., is the place to find a general assortment of Goods, and at prices that challenge competition. Call and see. [Sep. 26.—tf.]

Commercial Head Quarters

Is the best place in Kansas Territory to buy cheap and serviceable Goods. [Sep. 26.—tf.]

Topeka Post Office,

Fitted up in tip-top style, removed to Commercial Head Quarters, where all attractions center. Boxes only twenty-five cents; Drawers fifty cents per quarter. A few still unoccupied. [Sep. 26.—tf.]

Copies of the "Kansas Freeman,"

The official organ of the Free State Party, for sale at Commercial Head Quarters. [Sep. 26.—tf.]

Books!

A fine selection of School and Miscellaneous Books are kept for sale at Commercial Head Quarters; among which are the Heroines of History, Heroines of the Crusades, Fox's Book of Martyr Perilous Adventures of Travelers Farm and House, Cruise in the Mediterranean, Murray's People I Have Met, Rural Letters, Fun Jottings, Autographs for Freedom, Great Cities of the World, Frank Freeman's Barber Shop Mirror of the Soul, Antiquities of Western New York, Signers of the Declaration, Army of the United States, Geographical History of New York, Pocket and quarto Bibles, &c. Also, a large supply of Toy Books for children.

We have also a very superior article of Foolscap and Letter Papers, Pens, Pen-holders, Black Writing Fluid, Adhesive Envelopes, Faber's Pencils, &c. [Topeka, Sept. 26.—tf.]

DENNIS & LEWIS,
Fayette, Mo.

J. W. DENNIS,
C. C. DENNIS,
Kickapoo City, K. T.

Dennis, Lewis & Co.,

Dealers in General Merchandise, Forwarding and Commission Merchants, Proprietors of Excelsior Steam Saw Mill, Kickapoo City.

Agency of St. Louis Steam Planing Mill.

Phoenix Foundry.

Todd's Mill Furnishing House.

Plant's Agricultural Warehouse.

[Sep. 26.]

Excelsior Steam Saw Mill.

Having completed our new steam saw mill, we are now prepared to furnish any desired quantity of oak, walnut, or cottonwood lumber or lath at reasonable rates. Terms cash. Cash for logs. DENNIS, LEWIS & CO.

Kickapoo City, K. T., Sept. 26.

Watches and Clocks,

For sale at Commercial Head Quarters.

[Sep. 26.—tf.]

Lead Pipe,

At Commercial Head Quarters. [Sep. 26.—tf.]

Territorial Agency.

As Agents for Messrs. Wm. Wade & Co.'s St. Louis steam planing mill, we furnish at short notice—Ready Made Houses of 1, 2, and 4 rooms; also, every description of rough and dressed lumber, flooring, sash, blinds, window and door frames, of the very best quality.

As Agents for Messrs. Kingslands & Fergusson's Phoenix Foundry, St. Louis, we furnish—steam engines, horse powers, Page's & Child's single and double saw mills, threshers, cob and corn crushers, and all kinds of castings.

As Agents for Messrs. G. & O. Todd & Co., we furnish—portable grain mills of all sizes, bolting cloths, rubber and leather belting, and every description of mill furnishing goods.

As Agents for Messrs. Wm. M. Plant & Co., we furnish—every description of agricultural implements.

—We also furnish wagons, carriages, buggies, and any other articles of St. Louis manufacture.

Terms and specifications may be obtained by calling on us. DENNIS, LEWIS & CO.,

Forwarding and Commission Merchants.
Kickapoo City, K. T., Sept. 26.

5,000 Agents Wanted

Immediately, in every part of the United States, to canvass for subscribers to the Kansas Freeman. A liberal commission paid for services, and no capital required. Address E. C. K. GARVEY & CO., Publishers, Topeka, K. T. [Sep. 26.—tf.]

Strayed,

From the subscriber about the 9th of August last, an Iron-gray Mare, sixteen hands high, 3 years old, some white on the forehead and both hind feet, with both shoulders collar-marked, rather large head, and a small scar under the left eye. Any person giving information of the above will be liberally rewarded, or receive ten dollars by delivering her my residence in Topeka, K. T. (No. 2.) DANIEL TURNER.

Topeka Cheap Book Store.

BOOKS, Stationery, Paper Hangings, Serials Periodicals, and all goods connected with this Trade, at Commercial Head Quarters, under the office of the "Kansas Freeman."

Lime.

The subscriber is the owner of the right to use Schroeder's Perpetual Burning Lime kiln for this Territory. One of these kilns will supply upwards of two hundred bushels of lime per day, and that constantly. They are, by those who have used them, said to be the only proper and economical ones for burning lime, where large quantities are in demand. Those wishing to purchase rights for portions of the Territory, may do so at reasonable rates by calling on the subscriber at his residence near the city limits.

No. 2.

F. L. CRANE.

Joseph C. Miller,

Tin, plate, and sheet iron worker, and dealer in tin ware of every description. Persons emigrating to the Territory would do well not to burthen themselves by bringing such articles, but call and purchase of the subscriber at the lowest possible cash prices. Job work executed with dispatch, in a neat and superior style. Particular attention paid to tin roofing; also tin gutters and leaders made to order.

Sixth st., Topeka, K. T., Sept. 2.—tf.

LEMON SYRUP, SWEET OIL, PEPPER Sauce, Mustard, Pepper, Spices, &c., &c., &c., at Commercial Head Quarters. [Sep. 26.—tf.]

E. C. K. Garvey,

Real Estate Broker, has a number of the choicest Lots in the City for sale. [Sep. 26.—tf.]

Derius Minium,

MASTER BUILDER and Architect is prepared to contract for the erection of buildings, wood, stone, or brick on reasonable terms and in quick order. Oct. 10.

Poetry.

The Western Prairies.

BY A YANKEE TRAVELER.

Great western waste of bottom land,
Flat as a pancake, rich as grease,
Where g'nats are full as big as toads,
And 'skeeters live as big as geese.

O, lonesome, windy, grassy place,
Where buffaloes and snakes prevail
The first with dreadful looking face,
The last with dreadful sounding tail.

I'd rather live on camel's rump,
And be a Yankee Doodle beggar,
Than where they never see a stump,
And shake to death with fever n'ger.

Sentimental.

I clasped her tiny hand in mine,
I embraced her slender form;
I vowed to shield her from the wind,
And from the world's cold storm.
She set her beauteous eyes on me,
Tho' tears did gently flow;
And with her little lips she said—
"Confound you, let me go!"

LITTLE PILLS, and all the little and great Medicines used by Homœopathy Physicians, prepared at the Homœopathic Pharmacy of the celebrated Drs. Douglas & Greves, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, are for sale at Commercial Head Quarters.

Sept. 19, '55.

E. C. K. GARVEY, Attorney, Counsellor and Solicitor

Is also commissioner for nearly every State in the Union, as well as the Territories. Office second door from Commercial Head Quarters, under the office of the Kansas Freeman, on Kansas avenue.

Sept. 26.—tf.

Land Warrants

Bought and sold by E. C. K. GARVEY.

Sept. 26.—tf.

City Lots Bought and Sold.

Or exchanged, by E. C. K. GARVEY.

Sept. 26.—tf.

City Interests

For sale, by E. C. K. GARVEY.

Sept. 26.—tf.

Money to Loan

On approved security, by E. C. K. GARVEY.

Sept. 26.—tf.

WAGON AND CARRIAGE MAKING.

CHURCHILL & CRANE,
Kentucky St., Lawrence, K. T.,

Have opened a carriage shop, and commenced the manufacture of Carriages, Wagons, repairing, and all sorts of work in their line. They have arrangements in connection with their shop for blacksmithing and painting. Those who want of work are invited to give us a call.

We have two new Buggies waiting purchasers at fair prices.

Horse Rakes manufactured to order. Specimens can be seen at our shop.

Lawrence, Oct. 12.

J. S. EMERY,
LAW OFFICE, MASS. ST.,
Up stairs, Lawrence, K. T.

JOHN HUTCHINSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW AND SOLICITOR IN
CHANCERY,

80 Main st., Lawrence, K. T.

A. D. SEARL,
City Surveyor and Civil Engineer,
No 30 Main St., Lawrence, K. T.

DR. S. C. HARRINGTON,
Office No. 32 Massachusetts st., Lawrence, K. T.
Oct. 10.

L. C. Tolles, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.—Office at J. Hutchinson's, three doors south of the Herald of Freedom office.

Dr. Tolles has purchased the medicines, fixtures, &c., belonging to the late Dr. H. Clark, and holds himself in readiness to answer all calls in the line of his profession.

Lawrence, Oct. 10.

All Ready for the Campaign!

THE new store of the subscribers is now nearly completed, and they are ready for an extensive wholesale and retail trade with the Territory. They have much the largest stock of Goods ever in the Territory, and it is

THE STORE!

Where you will find everything at one place.—They have already opened an extensive wholesale trade with other towns, and hope a still more extensive business in that department, for the question is now settled that they will wholesale Dry Goods far cheaper than any store this side of St. Louis, and heavy goods as cheap as can be bought there—adding freight. Terms invariably cash.

HUTCHINSON, HARLOW & CO.
Lawrence, Oct. 10.

P. B. BROOKS,

Merchant, Mass. St., Lawrence, K. T.,
POST OFFICE BUILDING,

HAS just received a large supply of Dry and Fancy Goods, Groceries, etc. Our goods are all of the best quality, and we will sell as cheap as any other establishment in the Territory. Call and examine for yourselves.

Lawrence, Oct. 10.

A. C. HINMAN,

Dealer in Groceries, Provisions, &c.,
LAWRENCE, K. T.

The above has also fitted up an Eating saloon in the same building—immediately opposite Hutchinson, Harlow & Co.'s store—where warm meals, got up in the best style the Territory affords, can be had at all hours.

Large Assortment of Goods!

AT LAWRENCE.

Embracing Dry Goods of all kinds, Boots and shoes, Groceries and Provisions of the very best quality, together with a great variety of "Notions,"—all for sale at very low prices, at Fariss', Mass. street.

Wm. Gaghan, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SUGERON,

FORMERLY ASSISTANT SURGEON IN THE BRITISH ARMY Has opened an office in Topeka, K. T., for the general practice of his profession. An experience of twenty-four years, gained in the large civil and military hospitals in Great Britain and her colonies, and for the last eight years in a large private practice in this country, will enable him to do justice to those persons placing their lives under his charge. He has a large and full supply of surgical instruments, fracture apparatus, &c., so that persons residing in any portion of the Territory can obtain his assistance as Consulting and Operative Surgeon.

N. B.—A fresh supply of Cow-Pock always on hand.

Sept. 26, '55.—tf.

MEDICINES,

Wholesale and Retail.

JUST Received at Commercial Head Quarters 200 doz boxes Grafsenberg Vegetable Pills, 30 packages Health Bitters, 75 doz. boxes Green Mountain Ointment, 60 doz. bottles Eye Lotion, 60 do. Dysentery Syrup, 12 doz boxes Fever and Ague Pills, 36 doz. Children's Panacea, 40 doz. Sarsaparilla, 20 doz. Pile Ointment, 40 do. Uterine Catholicon, 5 doz. Consumptive's Balm, and 100 doz. Cough Candy. Another large bill has been shipped from New York, so that the millions may be furnished here.

Sept. 26, '55.—tf.

CHEAP CASH STORE.

ALLEN & GORDEN,

CORNER of Kansas Avenue and 4th street, Dealers in Dry Goods, Provisions, and Groceries. We sell for Cash. Keep no truck accounts—and will sell cheap.

CLOTHING.

A large and well selected assortment of Gents' Clothing, Boots and Shoes, which will not fail to please. Those wishing to refit from head to foot, please call on

ALLEN & GORDEN.

Topeka, July 4th, '55.—tf.

TINWARE—Pails, Pans, Plates, Cups, Cutlery, Coffee Boilers, Milk Strainers, Mops, Sprinklers, Scoops, Dippers, Dusters, Measures, etc. Fine assortment just received by

ALLEN & GORDEN.

STOVES can be had by calling on

ALLEN & GORDEN.

NAILS, at Topeka, July 4th, 1855.

ALLEN & GORDEN'S.

FLOUR—Superfine, Fine, Common and Graham.

ALLEN & GORDEN.

BACON—Hams, Shoulders, and Sides, at

ALLEN & GORDEN'S.

CORN—Corn Meal, Beans, and Groceries of all kinds, at

ALLEN & GORDEN'S.

TOOLS—Pitchforks, Scythes, Rakes, Hoes, Axes, Picks, Shovels, Spades, Bars, Chains, Cross Cut Saws, etc.

ALLEN & GORDEN'S.

New Boarding House in Lawrence.

The New House, No. 34, Massachusetts street, has been opened for the reception of boarders, both permanent and transient. The proprietors have spared neither labor nor expense to make their House a pleasant and comfortable home for those who favor them with their patronage. We solicit a share of public patronage, especially from those who may be able to provide themselves with lodging, though we will not limit our hospitalities to such. Prices will not vary essentially from those established by other houses.

C. HURD,

L. S. HALL,

Proprietors.

Lawrence, K. T., Sept. 26.—tf.

Something for the Upper Ten!

The most fashionable patterns for Vests and Pants in the Territory are at Commercial Head Quarters.

Sept. 26.—tf.

Accordions,

At Commercial Head Quarters. [Sep. 26.—tf.]

Brass Instruments,

At Commercial Head Quarters. [Sep. 26.—tf.]

Homœopathy Alcohol,

At Commercial Head Quarters. [Sep. 26.—tf.]

Ups and Downs;

SUN LIGHTS AND CLOUD SHADES
Sketches from the Lake Shore

BY OODEN BULLY.

This popular Book just received at Commercial Head Quarters.

Sept. 26.—tf.

Well and Cistern Pumps,

At Commercial Head Quarters. [Sep. 26.—tf.]

H.S. 2

DAILY KANSAS FREEMAN.

VOL. 1. TOPEKA, KANSAS TERRITORY, OCTOBER 24, 1855. NO. 2.

Below will be found the admirable speech of Col. JAMES H. HANE, upon taking his seat as President of the Constitutional Convention. For excellence of diction—clearness and correctness of conception, and quantity of matter for the limited space it occupies, it is superior to anything of the kind which has lately fallen under our notice.—But let all read it and judge for themselves.

GENTLEMEN OF THE CONVENTION—

For the position assigned me, accept my thanks.

You have met, gentlemen, on no ordinary occasion—to accomplish no ordinary purpose. You are the first legal representatives the real settlers of Kansas have ever had. You comprise the first legally elected Representative Legislative body ever assembled in this Territory. You are to form a Constitution which is to be the guide for future Legislation to mould the institutions of this country. Your work is to give birth to a Government—your labor is to add another State to our great Union—another star to that proud galaxy of States constituting the only free government of earth—guided by the constitution you are sent here to frame, the geographical centre of our Great Republic, will in a few short years be densely populated with an industrious and enterprising people. Our broad prairies and goodlands will present almost an unbroken field, yielding to the industrious and happy husbandman crops beyond the wildest imaginings of the most sanguine. The shrill whistle of the rail road car will be heard announcing the departure of the red man from the land he will not cultivate and cannot enjoy in the neighborhood of the energetic squatter. School houses, colleges, manufactories, towns and cities will be seen all over our Territory. The arts and Sciences will be cultivated, and this will be the center of civilization. Our education will be sought—a journey to the West will be substituted for one for Italy. The debt is not overdrawn if you do not draw it. We are successful in our efforts. We will be successful in our efforts. We will be successful in our efforts.

bated by our brethren in the States. You will not forget that you are called together in the nineteenth century, that as great progress has been made in the science of Government as in any other of the sciences. Not many years since the opinion prevailed that power was not to be entrusted to the people. Some governments now exist upon that theory—we, upon this continent have exploded the idea. Trust all power to the people, they may err for a brief period, but the sober second thought will soon come and all will be well.

They are interested in having able and faithful officers, and they should have the selection of them from the highest to the lowest, that the conduct of those officers should be frequently reviewed—short terms should be adopted in all cases.

The subject of education is the most important that will come before you. Common Schools should be provided for in such a manner as that the funds cannot be wasted. You should provide that the lands which have and may hereafter be received from the General Government should not be sold until they have reached their full value, — guard the funds derived from that source in such a manner as that the principal will be secure, and the interest promptly paid. By adopting such a course of policy you can in a few years have the school house in every district supplied with a competent teacher during the entire year. Educate the children, and all fear as to the permanency of the Government vanishes.

The subject of agriculture will challenge your attention. We have in Kansas more first class, and less waste land than can be found in any other portion of the Globe, of the same extent, adapted to the growth of almost all the products of earth. The agricultural interest will be the great interest of Kansas, and should be fostered and encouraged. It is suggested that a State and County organization for the encouragement of this great interest be provided for.

In restricting the Legislative authority upon the question of borrowing money, it is suggested you fix the amount at low figures until the loan is authorized by a direct vote of the people. The vote to be taken after they are fully informed how the money is to be expended. A loan of

money by the State, acts as a mortgage upon the land therein, and the actual holders of the land should give their consent before the mortgage is laid.

It would be a work of supererogation for me to refer to the fact that since the organization of the Territorial Government now claiming assistance in Kansas, the ballot-box has been used as a mere instrument of oppression—legal voters driven therefrom by organized bands of armed men, not even claiming a residence within our borders—such bands using it to foist upon the people of the Territory officers unacquainted with their wants, intent upon trampling under foot their best interests—electing men to important positions who never claimed residence in Kansas. Your first business will be to guard the ballot-box in such a manner as to prevent a repetition of this the greatest crime that can be perpetrated in a representative government like ours. It is suggested that you appoint the judges for the elections to be held previous to the meeting of the first Legislature; pure and good men; and authorize them to remove the polls in case they are invaded from without.

When the Kansas-Nebraska bill was before Congress no one of its supporters claimed that Kansas could ever become a slave State; all from the highest to the lowest discarded the idea that slavery could ever be extended within her borders. Our southern friends were among the most prominent in pressing this position before the country.

The idea of forcing slavery into Kansas was an after thought; for sinister purposes, personal aggrandizement. It is now the well received opinion that if a Senatorial election had not been pending in an adjoining State, the ridiculous and abortive effort to force slavery upon the people of Kansas would not have been made.

The people you represent, although excited beyond measure by the fraudulent and violent course pursued by those citizens of an adjoining State who are guilty of falsehood and misrepresentation, to join in the crusade against slavery, are nevertheless, notwithstanding their contrary to their wishes and interests, nevertheless respect you in the final settlement of that

question to pursue a fair and liberal course toward the holders of that species of property within and without our borders.

You will guard against special legislation, and require all laws to be of a general character; the citizens of one county removing to another should understand that the laws are similar.

In restricting the Legislative authority as to Banks and internal improvements, it is not doubted that some common ground may be found upon which you can all agree.

Governed and controlled by a sincere desire to advance the best interests of those you represent, sacrificing upon the altar of the common good all your prejudices, moved by no other motive than to frame a constitution up to the spirit of the age in which you live, just and equitable to all, appealing to the Supreme Ruler of the universe for aid, you will not fail but may live, and your children after you, proud of your work and enjoying the blessings secured by its munificent provisions.

In the discharge of the arduous duties you have assigned me, be assured even-handed justice will control me. Errors may be expected, but they will be of the head, not of the heart. I could not hope to succeed unless assured of your advice and aid.

Relying upon you for support, I trust the object of our coming together may be successfully accomplished, and that upon your return to your constituents you may be met with the salutation of "Well done good and faithful servants."

Daily Kansas Freeman.

TWO CENTS A COPY.

E. C. K. GARVEY—EDITOR.

TOPEKA, K. T., OCT. 24, '55.

Kansas Scrip.

The Territory of Kansas is now in a kind of chrysalis state—just emerging or attempting to emerge from the tyrannical and slavish position of a down-trodden people—a people deprived of the right of suffrage, and that inestimable privilege usurped by oppressors whose every sentiment and prejudice are inimical to the dearest interest and life-long principles of the real settlers of Kansas.—In this emergency, some scheme must be devised by which the funds necessary to the establishment of our independence may be raised. As a tem-

porary relief, the Executive Committee selected by the people—the source of every true government—have issued Scrip, bearing the name of the "State of Kansas." For the redemption of this scrip, the convention now in session will undoubtedly make provision by inserting a clause in the constitution requiring the first Legislature to make provision for its payment, and pledging the faith of the State for its redemption.

Capital is proverbially timid, and the capitalist will naturally inquire what are the prospects for its redemption? Nothing but the rejection by Congress of our application for admission as a State can possibly prevent its redemption; and to assume that Congress will reject us in our present oppressed and overridden condition, is to distrust its love of justice and right, and imagine the National Representatives capable of the grossest and most palpable disregard of the principles of Popular sovereignty. The recent vote shows more than four-fifths of our people in favor of the measure.

The Republican party is pledged to the principles which will undoubtedly be embraced in our Constitution; and the Democratic party has too firmly planted itself upon the principles of "Squatter Sovereignty" to resist a measure so emphatically emanating from the "Sovereigns" of Kansas. In this position who can doubt our success? That success will make Kansas scrip available currency in all business transactions. In the meantime, capitalists, with a keen foresight, will or ought to purchase it at a very small discount, and city, State, and other corporate bodies, can give it character and currency. We can conceive no reason why it should not, backed by the plighted faith of an honest people struggling for liberty, be more valuable than much of the paper currency readily circulated amongst the people. However the slavery propaganda may rail against it, we trust that the people everywhere will use their utmost efforts to give it credit and make it available in all business transactions.

Cigars,
At Commercial Head Quarters Sec. or. 26-15.

Proceedings of The Constitutional Convention.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,

TOPEKA, Wed., Oct. 24, '55.

Convention met pursuant to adjournment.

The journal of yesterday was read.

Prayer was offered by the Rev. Mr. Burgess.

On motion of Mr. Robinson of Lawrence the Convention proceeded to the election of secretary of the convention. The chairman appointed Messrs. Schuyler of Council City, and Dodge of Leavenworth, a committee to receive, assort and count the votes for secretary of the convention.

The committee subsequently reported as follows:—

Whole number of votes.....	23
Necessary for a choice.....	13
Samuel C. Smith has.....	13
Charles A. Foster ".....	0

The report was accepted, and Messrs. Robinson, Roberts and Cutler were appointed a committee to wait upon Mr. Smith and inform him of his election.

On motion of Mr. Holliday of Topeka the convention elected Mr. Chas. A. Foster assistant secretary of the convention.

Mr. Robinson of Lawrence moved that the temporary President swear the secretaries of the convention to the faithful discharge of their duties.

On motion of Mr. Delehay of Leavenworth, the following resolution was adopted as a substitute:

Resolved, That the President be, and he is hereby authorized, empowered and requested to proceed to administer all oaths necessary to perfect the organization of the Convention—and the oath was administered by the President.

On motion of Mr. Delehay, of Leavenworth, the Convention proceeded to the choice of President of the Convention.

The same committee as was previously appointed were empowered to receive, assort, and count the votes for President.

The committee reported as follows—

Whole number of votes.....	26
Necessary for a choice.....	14
James H. Lane has.....	14
W. Y. Roberts ".....	5
J. A. Wakefield ".....	4

Report of the committee was accepted, and Messrs. Delahey, Hunt, and Goodin appointed as committee to conduct the President to the chair. The President having been conducted to the chair, accepted the office, and entered upon the discharge of its duties.

On motion of Mr. Curties of Benicia, Mr. J. A. Wakefield administered the oath of office to the President.

The President then administered the oath of office to the members of the convention present.

On motion of Mr. Klotz of Pawnee, Lorrin Farnsworth was appointed Sergeant-at-Arms for the convention.

On motion of Mr. Holliday of Topeka, Timothy McIntire was appointed Door Keeper to the convention.

On motion of Mr. Schuyler of Council City, Rev. H. B. Burgess was appointed chaplain of the convention.

The following resolution was offered by Mr. Parrott of Leavenworth—

Resolved, That when this convention adjourns, it shall be till 10 o'clock, A. M., and when it takes a recess, it shall be till 3 o'clock, P. M.

Mr. Robinson of Lawrence, moved to amend by inserting 9 o'clock in place of 10, and 2 o'clock in place of 3.

Mr. Roberts of Washington, moved to amend by substituting the following—That when this convention adjourns, it adjourn to meet, at 9 o'clock, A. M., until otherwise ordered.

The question was taken upon the amendment of Mr. Robinson, and carried.

The resolution as amended, was then adopted.

On motion of Mr. Goodin of Blanton, Mr. Samuel F. Tappan, was recognized as reporter for the Herald of Freedom newspaper at Lawrence.

On motion of Mr. Schuyler of Council City, Mr. John Speer was recognized as reporter for the Kansas "Tribune."

On motion of Mr. Smith of Lawrence, Mr. E. C. K. Garvey was recognized as reporter for the Kansas "Freeman."

On motion of Mr. Smith of Lawrence, Messrs Smith, Robinson and Roberts were appointed a committee upon rules for the government of the convention.

Mr. Parrott of Leavenworth offered the following Resolution which was adopted:

Resolved, That sixteen committees consisting of five members each, be appointed by the President, to which shall be referred respectively, such matters hereinafter designated as may be appropriate, and that the said committees be requested to report from time to time as they progress.

1st. A committee on Legislative department.

2d. " Executive

3d. " Judicial

4th. " Apportionment

5th. " Elective Franchise

6th. Corporations other than Banking

7th. Banking and Currency

8th. Public Debt and Public Works

9th. Future amendments to Constitution.

10th. Education

11th. Militia

12th. Finance and Taxation

13th. Public Institutions

14th. Preamble and Bill of Rights

15th. Jurisprudence

16th. Miscellaneous Business.

On motion of Mr. Holliday of Topeka, a committee on Printing was added to the list of standing committees.

Moved by Mr. Holliday, that a committee on the division of the Territory into counties and townships, and a committee on the location of the Capitol, be added to the standing committees.

On motion of Mr. Robinson of Lawrence, the question was divided; that part of the resolution in relation to the division of the Territory into counties and townships, was rejected; and that part which provided a standing committee on the location of Capitol, passed.

Mr. Wakefield submitted the following resolution:

Resolution, That a committee of five be appointed to report to this convention, what business properly comes before it, for its action.

On motion of Mr. Goodin of Blanton, the above resolution was laid on the table.

At twelve and a half o'clock the convention adjourned.

Rules and Orders

Of the President.

1.

The President shall take the Chair every day at the hour to which the convention shall have adjourned; shall call the members to order; and, on the appearance of a quorum, shall cause the journal of the preceding day to be read, and proceed to business.

2.

He shall preserve decorum and order; may speak to points of order in preference to other members; and shall decide all questions of order, subject to an appeal to the convention on motion regularly seconded; and no other business shall be in order till the question on the appeal shall have been decided.

3.

He shall declare all votes; but, if any member doubts a vote, the President shall order a return of the member voting in the affirmative, and in the negative, without any further debate upon the question. When a vote is doubted, the members for or against the question, when called on by the President, shall rise and stand uncovered till they are counted.

4.

He shall rise to put a question, or to address the convention, but may read sitting.

5

In all cases the President may vote.

6

When the Convention shall determine to go into Committee of the Whole, the President shall appoint the member who shall take the Chair.

7

On all questions and motions whatever, the President shall take the sense of the Convention by yeas and nays, provided two of the members present shall so require. When the yeas and nays are taken, no member shall be allowed to vote except he be in his seat, and the members shall be called in alphabetical order.

8

He shall propound all questions in the order in which they are moved, unless the subsequent motion be previous in its nature; except that, in naming sums and fixing times, the largest sum and the longest time shall be put first.

9

After a motion is stated or read by the President, it shall be deemed to be in possession of the Convention, and shall be disposed of by a vote of the Convention; but the mover may withdraw it at any time before a decision or amendment, except a motion to reconsider, which shall not be withdrawn after the time has elapsed within which it could be originally made.

10

When a question is under debate, the President shall receive no motion, but to adjourn, to lay on the table, for the previous question, to postpone to a day certain, to commit, to amend, or to postpone indefinitely; which several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they stand arrayed.

11

He shall consider a motion to adjourn as always in order; and that motion, and the motions to lay on the table, to suspend any rule, to take up from the table, and for the yeas and nays, shall be decided without debate.

12

He shall put the previous question in the following form:—Shall the main question be now put? and all debate upon the main question shall be suspended, until the previous question, the sense of the Convention shall forthwith be taken upon amendments reported by a committee, upon pending amendments, and then upon the main question.

13

On the previous question no member shall speak more than once without leave.

and all incidental questions of order, arising after a motion is made for the previous question, shall be decided without debate, excepting on appeal, and on such appeal no member shall be allowed to speak more than once without leave of the Convention.

14

When two or more members rise at once, the President shall name the member who is first to speak.

15

All committees shall be appointed and announced by the President, unless otherwise specially directed by the convention.

16

The President shall have the right to name any member to perform the duties of the Chair, but such substitution shall not extend beyond an adjournment.

17

The President shall have the general direction of the Hall of the Convention. No person except members, officers, and attendants of the Convention, and such persons as may be united by the Convention, or by the President, shall be admitted within the bar of the Convention. The Chairman of each Committee of the Whole, during the sitting of such Committee, shall have the like power of preserving order in the Hall.

Of Absence of President.

18

In case the President shall be absent at the hour to which the Convention was adjourned, the Secretary shall call the Convention to order, and shall preside until a President pro tem. shall be elected, which shall be the first business of the Convention.

Of Members.

19

No Member in debate shall mention a Member then present by his name, but may describe him by the town he represents, the place he sits in, or such other designations as may be intelligible and respectful.

20.

Every Member, when about to speak, shall rise and respectfully address the President, shall confine himself to the question under debate, and avoid personality, and shall sit down when he has finished. No Member shall speak out of his place without leave of the President.

21.

No Member speaking shall be interrupted by another, but by rising up to call to order.

22

No member shall speak more than twice on one question, without first obtaining leave of the Convention; nor more than once, until other Members, who have not spoken shall speak, if they desire it.

Of Reconsideration.

23.

When a vote has passed, it shall be in order for any Member to move for a reconsideration thereof, on the same or the succeeding day: and such motion shall be placed first in the orders of the day succeeding that on which the motion is made; a motion to reconsider, being rejected shall not be renewed; nor shall any subject be a second time reconsidered: provided, however, that a motion to reconsider a vote, upon any collateral matter shall not remove the main subject under consideration from before the Convention, but shall be considered at the time when it is made.

Duties of Members.

24

No member shall be permitted to stand up, to the interruption of another, while any member is speaking, or to pass unnecessarily between the President of the Convention and the person speaking; nor shall any Member be permitted to stand in the alleys during the session of the Convention.

25

Every member shall keep an account of his own attendance and travel, and deliver the same to the Committee appointed to make up the pay roll, and, on his failure so to do, he shall be omitted from the roll; and no Member shall receive pay for any week day on which he has not actually attended, except in case of sickness.

26

Every member who shall neglect to give his attendance in the Convention for more than six days after the session commences, shall, on making his appearance therein, be held to render the reason of such neglect; and in case the reason assigned shall be deemed by the Convention sufficient, such Member shall be entitled to receive pay for his travel, and not otherwise; and no member shall be absent more than two days, without leave of the Convention; and a vote of leave of absence shall be inoperative, unless the Member obtaining it shall avail himself of it within five days.

27

When any member shall be guilty of a breach of either of the Rules and Orders of the Convention, he may be required by the Convention, on motion, to make satisfaction therefor, and shall not be allowed to vote or speak, except by way of excuse, till he has done so.

28

Every Member, who shall be in the Con-

vention when a question is put, shall give his vote, unless the Convention, for special reasons, shall excuse him. Any Member desiring to be so excused on any question shall make application to that effect before a division, or before the calling of the yeas and nays; and such application shall be accompanied by a brief statement of reasons, and shall be decided without debate.

29

Every motion shall be reduced to writing, if the President shall so direct.

30

Any member may call for the division of a question when the sense will admit of it. A motion to strike out and insert shall be deemed indivisible: but a motion to strike out being lost, shall neither preclude amendment, nor a motion to strike out and insert.

31

Motions and Reports may be committed or recommitted, at the pleasure of the Convention.

32

No motion or proposition, of a subject different from that under consideration, shall be admitted under the color of amendment.

The unfinished business, in which the Convention was engaged at the time of the last adjournment, shall have the preference in the orders of the day.

34

No rule or order of the Convention shall be dispensed with, altered or repealed, unless two-thirds of the Members present shall consent thereto.

35

All questions, relating to the propriety of business to be acted upon, shall be decided without debate.

36

Every question of order shall be noted by the Secretary, with the decision, and inscribed at large on the Journal.

Of Quorum.

37

A majority of the Members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

Of Committees, Reports and Resolutions.

38

No Committee shall sit during the sessions of the Convention, without special leave.

39

All papers relative to any business before the Convention, shall be left with the Secretary, by any member, who may obtain leave of absence, and may have any such papers in his possession.

40

The rules of proceeding in the Convention shall be observed in a Committee of the Whole, so far as they may be applicable, except the rule limiting the time of speaking: but no member shall speak twice upon any question, until every member, who shall not have spoken, shall speak if he desires it. A motion to rise, report progress, and ask leave to sit again, shall be always first in order, and shall be decided without debate.

Proceedings of The Constitutional Convention.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
TOPEKA, Wed., Oct. 24, '55.

Afternoon Session.

Met according to adjournment.

On motion of Mr. Schuyler of Council City, Mr. Conner was recognized as reporter for the "Council City Banner."

On motion of Mr. Delehey of Leavenworth, the following resolution was offered:

Resolved, That the President appoint additional to the present Standing Committee—a committee of three on Phraseology, whose duty shall be to carefully examine and revise everything emanating from this convention, before publication.

On motion of Mr. Delehey of Leavenworth, the vote by which the appointment of a Standing Committee on the division of the Territory into Counties and Townships, was rejected—was reconsidered.—The question upon the appointment of the committee was then taken and lost.—Mr. Lane of Lawrence, moved, (Mr. Parrott of Leavenworth, in the chair,) the subject be postponed until to-morrow at 2 P. M., which was ruled out of order by Mr. Delehey. Messrs. Knight and Schuyler were appointed as the committee on Phraseology, in accordance with the resolution of Mr. Delehey.

Mr. Holliday of Topeka, submitted the following resolution:

Resolved, That a committee to consider the propriety of Districting the Territory for Senatorial, Representative, and purposes similar thereto, be added to the list of Standing Committees.

Mr. Delehey of Leavenworth, submitted the following resolution as an amendment:

Resolved, That the Standing Committee on Apportionment, be instructed to recommend suitable Election Districts for Senators and Representatives, and that said committee report the boundaries of said Districts.

Mr. Schuyler of Council City moved to amend the amendment so that it should read, *Resolved*, That the standing committee on apportionment be instructed to recommend suitable Senatorial, Representative, and Judicial election districts, and that said committee report the boundaries of each district. Mr. Schuyler's amendment was rejected, and the amendment of

Mr. Delehey passed. The resolution as amended was then adopted.

Mr. Parrott of Leavenworth submitted the following resolution, which was passed, viz: *Resolved*, That the "Sergeant-at-arms" of the Convention be requested to furnish James Redpath a seat within the bar of the House as reporter for the Missouri Democrat. On motion of Mr. Holliday the Convention passed the following resolution: *Resolved*, That a special committee of three be appointed to procure an able efficient reporter or reporters for this convention.

The President appointed Messrs. Holliday, Emery, and Hunting, upon that committee.

Mr. G. W. Smith, Chairman of the Committee on Rules, submitted the following report of that committee, which, without being read, on motion of Mr. Parrott was laid upon the table, and one hundred copies ordered to be printed.

Mr. Goodin of Blanton, moved that the Secretary be empowered to purchase whatever books and stationery shall be necessary for the duties of his office.

To this motion Mr. Wakefield of Bloomington moved an amendment, proposing the appointment of a committee of three for that purpose. Messrs. Wakefield, Curties and Crosby were appointed upon the committee. Mr. Smith moved the convention adjourn; rejected.

Mr. Roberts then moved an adjournment; motion ruled out of order by the President.

On motion of Mr. Holliday, of Topeka, Ferdinand Wendell was appointed messenger to the Convention.

The convention then adjourned.

THURSDAY, Oct. 25th, 1855.

Convention met pursuant to adjournment.

Prayer was offered by the chaplain.

Journal of yesterday was read.

Samuel Newlinney and William Graham, members elect from the first district appeared, and the oath was administered to them by the President.

Mr. Emery of Lawrence, submitted the following resolution which was adopted:

Resolved, That the "Sergeant-at-Arms" of the convention be requested to furnish W. Phillips a seat within the bar of the

House, as reporter for the "New York Tribune."

Mr. Tuton of Bloomington, submitted the following resolution, which was adopted, viz:

Resolved, That a committee on Agriculture be added to the standing committees.

The President, of the convention appointed the standing committees.

On motion of Mr. Hunting of Manhattan—ordered, that one hundred copies of the list of standing committees be printed for the use of the convention.

On motion of Mr. Emery of Lawrence, *Resolved*, That J. L. Speer be admitted to a seat as reporter for the "Cleveland Herald," and "Chicago Tribune."

Mr. Holliday of Topeka, chairman of committee on reporting, submitted a partial report from that committee, which was accepted. The report is as follows:

To the President of the Constitutional Convention:

Your committee appointed to procure a reporter, or reporters for the constitutional convention, beg leave to report—That they have in part performed the duty assigned them, by engaging the services of Mr. James Redpath; and, they earnestly recommend his election by the convention.

Respectfully submitted,

C. K. Holliday,

J. S. Emery,

A. Hunting.

On motion of Mr. Holliday of Topeka, ordered, that the Sergeant-at-Arms furnish the reporter to the convention, with such stationery as he may need.

In accordance with the recommendation of the committee, Mr. Redpath was elected reporter for the convention, and was duly qualified by the President, to enter upon the discharge of his duties.

Ordered, on motion of Mr. Robinson of Lawrence, that the Sergeant-at-Arms furnish Mr. Redpath with a table, in front of the President's desk.

Ordered, on motion of Mr. Delehey of Leavenworth, that the Sergeant-at-Arms furnish the reporter and correspondents of the various newspapers with such stationery as they may need.

On motion of Mr. Parrott of Leavenworth, the report of the committee on

rules, was taken from the table and read. On motion of Mr. Holliday of Topeka, the report was recommitted to the committee for amendment and correction, with leave of absence to the committee for that purpose.

On motion of Mr. Holliday of Topeka, Resolved, that the Sergeant-at-Arms, in addition to his duties as such, shall act as Librarian for the convention, and make suitable provision within the House, for the reception of the Territorial Library.

On motion of Mr. Robinson of Lawrence, leave of absence was granted to Mr. Knight of Hampden, until Monday next, Oct. 29.

Mr. Lane of Lawrence, submitted the following resolution; [Mr. Delehey of Leavenworth, in the chair,] Resolved, That the Door-keeper be instructed to make such arrangements as he may think proper to render the room comfortable.

Mr. Schuyler of Council City, moved that when the convention adjourns, it adjourn until 9 o'clock, a. m. to-morrow.

Mr. Cutler of Doniphan, moved to amend by striking out the words 9 o'clock, a. m., to-morrow, and inserting the words 3 o'clock, this p. m.

Mr. Smith of Franklin, from the committee on rules, reported back the rules amended and corrected; and on motion of Mr. Schuyler of Council City, the report was adopted.

Standing Committees.

Legislative.

Messrs. Wakefield, Schuyler, Hill-
yer, O. C. Brown, and Thompson.

Executive.

Messrs. Schuyler, Wakefield, Ar-
thur, Field, and F. Brown.

Judicial.

Messrs. Parrott, Hunt, Conway,
Emery, Curtiss.

Apportionment.

Messrs. Dodge, F. Brown, France,
Cutler, Burson.

Elective Franchise.

Messrs. G. W. Smith, Vandever,
H. Smith, Roberts, Tuton.

Corporations, (except Banks.)

Messrs. Hunt, Morris, Tuton, Gra-
ham, Hill-yer.

Banking and Currency.

Messrs. Delehey, Parrott, Robin-
son, Crosby, Stewart.

Public Debt and Public Works.

Messrs. Robinson, Phenix, Goodin,
Holliday, Klotz.

Amendments to the Constitution.

Messrs. Goodin, Pillsbury, Stew-
art, Knight, G. W. Smith.

Education.

Messrs. Knight, Graham, Turner,
Hunting, Cutler.

Militia.

Messrs. Curtiss, Field, McDaniel,
Thompson, Arthur.

Finance and Taxation.

Messrs. Holliday, Latta, Mewhin-
ney, Goodin, Robinson.

Public Institutions.

Messrs. Hunting, Burson, May,
Sayle, Landis.

Preamble and Bill of Rights.

Messrs. Roberts, Riddle, G. W.
Smith, Parrott.

Jurisprudence.

Messrs. Emery, Dodge, Delehey,
Conway, Hunt.

Miscellaneous Business.

Messrs. Cutler, Landis, May, Rob-
inson, Hunting.

Printing.

Messrs. Klotz, Roberts, G. W.
Smith, Delehey, Goodin.

Agriculture.

Messrs. Tuton, Sayles, Mewhin-
ney, May, Crosby.

Eulogy.

The following eulogy was written by Col. J. H. LANE, to be delivered by him before the Clear Creek Association, on Saturday the 20th of October, at Benicia. Col. Lane being sick, he was unable to attend. We publish it in justice to the memory of one who so bore himself as to merit the regard of all with whom he associated:

Several months since a few miles from this point we formed an association to protect certain claims, and to mutually act together for the benefit of each other. Within that brief period one of our number has been called into eternity—has paid that debt which we must all pay sooner or later.

DAVID DICKEY is dead. The place he once filled is vacant. He was born in Jackson county, Missouri, in 1825, and was at his death 31 years of age. He removed into the Territory about a year since. Your speaker became acquainted with him about six months ago, frequently meeting and conversing with him. He was eminently consistent in all things—never uttering a word until it was fully considered, and you could see that everything uttered by him came from his heart. Truth was ever upon his tongue; his heart was without guile. David Dickey was a sincere christian; a member of the M. E. Church, South. Religion with him did not consist in mere outward form, but was of the heart, governing and controlling

his intercourse with the world. In his "daily walk and conversation" his deep religious impressions could be seen and known of all men.

Men are not to be judged and valued by the show and glitter of wealth or position, but are to be weighed and judged by the qualities of the head and heart; and he who in the humblest walks of life discharges his whole duty to his fellows and his God, is entitled to the same credit and consideration as he who moves in a more elevated sphere.

The subject of this discourse was a child of the frontier. Amidst hardships and dangers he lived and died. It is known to you that while such a life is favorable to physical and manly developement, it is not so favorable to the cultivation of religious sentiments. Yet as a pure, devoted christian, David Dickey would compare favorably with the most favored child of civilization.

In his intercourse with his neighbors, Mr. Dickey was always kind, courteous, prompt and punctual; when you had his word, his bond was useless:

You have frequently heard it remarked that the population of this Territory for intelligence, refinement and integrity, compares favorably if it does not surpass the population of any other section of this great country. The last year of his life David Dickey passed in daily intercourse with our people; he was judged, and that verdict should go down to the latest posterity—should be written upon his tombstone—a kind neighbor, a pure christian, and an honest man has fallen.

Our association is deprived of such a member. We may live to carry out successfully the objects of our association. He has gone to that "borne from whence no traveler returns."—While we stand upon that beautiful plateau, let us drop a tear to our departed brother; and while we as men mourn his loss, let us each and every one endeavor seriously to profit by his example—to imitate his virtues.

Our brother had no family; he came to the Territory to build up a home; he looked forward as we do to the enjoyment of the fruits of his labors. He, as we do, in imagination saw this country, densely populated,

checkered with railroads, blooming as the rose, producing as no other country of earth can produce—the husbandman rewarded as he is in no other land. We may live to see all this—while our brother is with his God.

While we mourn for our brother we should not forget the relatives he has left behind; the brother and sister are entitled to our warmest sympathies.

Above all, let us never forget that we live but to prepare for the journey our brother has taken—cherish each other. “Dunto others as we would wish they should do unto us.” Forget not our Maker; let His word be as a cloud by day and a pillar of fire by night to guide us to that heavenly home where he awaits us.

Religious Notice.
There will be preaching in the City Hall on next Sabbath, the 28th inst., by the Rev. H. B. BURGESS.

PROCLAMATION!
Glad Tidings of Great Joy!!
OH YES! OH YES! OH YES! HEAR YE! ALL IN WANT OF
FINE & FANCY GOODS!
COMMERCIAL HEAD QUARTERS, under the office of the “Kansas Freeman,” Kansas Avenue, Topeka, K. T., is now open and ready for the reception of visitors wishing to purchase Dry Goods, Groceries, Books and Stationery, Drugs and Medicines, Fancy Goods, Music, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, with ten thousand articles too numerous to mention. We admit of no rival, challenge competition, and only ask a discerning Public to give us a call and convince themselves that we undersell all others.
Topeka, K. T., Sept. 19, '55.

GUITAR and Violin Strings, and every kind of Musical Merchandise, kept constantly on hand, at Commercial Head Quarters. [Sept. 26.—tf.]
CLARONETTS, Flutes, Flageolets, Piccolos and Fifes, at reduced prices, at Commercial Head Quarters. Sept. 26.—tf.

Sheet Music!
A large collection on hand, and New Music received as soon as published, at Commercial Head Quarters. Sept. 26.—tf.

Law Books,
For sale at Commercial Head Quarters. Sept. 26, '55.—tf.

Family Bibles,
Can be found at Commercial Head Quarters. Sept. 26, '55.—tf.

Clark's Commentary,
St. Paul's in calf, cheap at Commercial Head Quarters. [Sept. 26, '55.—tf.]

School Books,
At Commercial Head Quarters. [Sept. 26.—tf.]

Commercial Head Quarters
The best place in Kansas Territory to buy cheap and serviceable Goods. Sep 26:tf:

Topeka Post Office,
Fitted up in tip-top style, removed to Commercial Head Quarters, where all attractions center. Boxes only twenty-five cents; Drawers fifty cents per quarter. A few still unoccupied. Sept. 26.—tf.

Copies of the “Kansas Freeman,”
The official organ of the Free State Party, for sale at Commercial Head Quarters. [Sept. 26.—tf]

Books!
A fine selection of School and Miscellaneous Books are kept for sale at Commercial Head Quarters, among which are the Heroines of History, Heroines of the Crusades, Fox's Book of Martyr Perilous Adventures of Travelers Farm and F. side, Cruise in the Mediterranean, Murry Gr. his, People I Have Met, Rural Letters, Fun. ottings, Autographs for Freedom, Great City of the World, Frank Freeman's Barber Sho Mirror of the Soul, Antiquities of Western Ne York, Signers of the Declaration, Army of the United States, Geographical History of New York, Pocket and quarto Bibles, &c. Also, a large supply of Toy Books for children.
We have also a very superior article of Foolscap and Letter Papers, Pens, Pen-holders, Black Writing Fluid, Adhesive Envelopes, Faber's Pencils, &c. Topeka, Sept. 26.—tf.

Boots and Shoes!
The best, very best assortment in the Territory, and at the lowest prices, can be had at Commercial Head Quarters.
P. S.—Whole cases at Boston wholesale prices, adding transportation. [Sept. 26.—tf.]

Hats and Caps,
At Commercial Head Quarters [Sept. 26.—tf.]

Sardines, Fresh and Good,
At Commercial Head Quarters. [Sept. 26.—tf.]

Broad Cloths!
A fine stock, at Commercial Head Quarters. Sept. 26.—tf.

Ready Made Clothing,
At Commercial Head Quarters. [Sept. 26.—tf.]

Merchant Taylors' Trimmings,
At Commercial Head Quarters. [Sept. 26.—tf.]

Commercial Head Quarters,
Under the office of the Kansas Freeman, on Kansas Avenue, Topeka, K. T., is the place to find a general assortment of Goods, and at prices that challenge competition. Call and see. Sept. 26.—tf.

LITTLE Pills, and all the little and great Medicines used by Homœopathy Physicians, prepared at the Homœopathic Pharmacy of the celebrated Drs. Douglas & Greves, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, are for sale at Commercial Head Quarters. Sept. 19, '55.

E. C. K. GARVEY,
Attorney, Counsellor and Solicitor
Is also commissioner for nearly every State in the Union, as well as the Territories. Office second door from Commercial Head Quarters, under the office of the Kansas Freeman, on Kansas Avenue. Sept. 26.—tf.

Land Warrants
Bought and sold by E. C. K. GARVEY. Sept. 26.—tf.

City Lots Bought and Sold,
Or exchanged, by E. C. K. GARVEY. Sept. 26.—tf.

City Interests
For sale, by E. C. K. GARVEY. Sept. 26.—tf.

Assorted Candy,
At Commercial Head Quarters. [Sept. 26.—tf.]

Money to Loan
On approved security, by Sept. 26.—tf. E. C. K. GARVEY.

Inks, Red Black and Blue
At Commercial Head Quarters. [Sept. 26.—tf.]

A Good Assortment Medical Works,
At Commercial Head Quarters. [Sept. 26.—tf.]

Blank Books,
At Commercial Head Quarters. [Sept. 26.—tf.]

WAGON AND CARRIAGE MAKING,
CHURCHILL & CRANE,
Kentucky St., Lawrence, K. T.,

Have opened a carriage shop, and commenced the manufacture of Carriages, Wagons, repairing, and all sorts of work in their line. They have arrangements in connection with their shop for blacksmithing and painting. Those who want of work are invited to give us a call.
We have two new Buggies waiting purchasers at fair prices.
Horse Rakes manufactured to order. Specimens can be seen at our shop.
Lawrence, Oct. 10.

J. S. EMERY,
LAW OFFICE, MASS. ST.,
Up stairs, Lawrence, K. T.

Accordions,
At Commercial Head Quarters. [Sept. 26.—tf.]

Brass Instruments,
At Commercial Head Quarters. [Sept. 26.—tf.]

Homœopathy Alcohol,
At Commercial Head Quarters. [Sept. 26.—tf.]

Ups and Downs;
OR,
SUN LIGHTS AND CLOUDS
Sketches from the Lake Shore
BY COUSIN STORLX.
This popular Book just received at Commercial Head Quarters. Sept. 26.—tf.

Well and Cistern Pumps,
At Commercial Head Quarters. [Sept. 26.—tf.]

CORN—Corn Meal, Beans, and Groceries of all kinds,
At ALLEN & GORDEN'S.
TOOLS—Pitchforks, Scythes, Rakes, Hoes, Axes, Picks, Shovels, Spades, Bars, Chains, Cross Cut Saws, etc.,
At ALLEN & GORDEN'S.

New Boarding House in Lawrence.
The New House, No. 34, Massachusetts street, has been opened for the reception of boarders, both permanent and transient. The proprietors have spared neither labor nor expense to make their House a pleasant and comfortable home for those who favor them with their patronage. We solicit a share of public patronage, especially from those who may be able to provide themselves with lodging, though we will not limit our hospitalities to such. Prices will not vary essentially from those established by other houses.
C. HURD, } Proprietors.
L. S. HALL, }
Lawrence, K. T., Sept. 26.—tf.

Something for the Upper Ten!
The most fashionable patterns for Vests and Pants in the Territory are at Commercial Head Quarters. Sept. 26.—tf.

FLOUR—Superfine, Fine, Common and Graham,
At ALLEN & GORDEN'S.

Large Assortment of Goods!
AT LAWRENCE.
Embracing Dry Goods of all kinds, Boots and shoes, Groceries and Provisions of the very best quality, together with a great variety of notions, all for sale at very low prices, at
Parsons, Mass. street.

Choice Poetry

Do They Miss Me at Home?

Do they miss me at home? do they miss me?
'T would be an assurance most dear,
To know at this moment some loved one
Were saying, I wish he were here;
To feel that the group at the fire-side
Were thinking of me as I roam;
Oh, yes! 't would be joy beyond measure,
To know that they miss me at home.

When twilight approaches, the season
That ever is sacred to song,
Does some one repeat my name over,
And sigh that I tarry so long?
And is there a chord in the music
That's missed when my voice is away?
A chord in each heart that awaketh
Regret at my wearisome stay?

Do they set me a chair near the table,
When evening's home pleasure's are nigh?
When the candles are lit in the parlor,
And the stars in the calm azure sky,
And when the "good nights" are repeated,
And all lay down to their sleep,
Do they think of the absent, and waft me
A whispered good night while they weep?

Do they miss me at home? do they miss me
At morning, at noon or at night?
And lingers one gloomy shade round them,
That only my presence can light?
Are joys less invitingly pleasant,
And pleasure less hailed than before,
Because one is missed from their circle,
Because I'm with them no more?

CHEAP CASH STORE

ALLEN & GORDEN,

CORNER of Kansas Avenue and 4th street,
dealers in Dry Goods, Provisions, and Gro-
ceries. We sell for Cash. Keep no book ac-
counts—and will sell cheap
CLOTHING.

A large and well selected assortment of Gents'
Clothing, Boots and Shoes, which will not fail
to please. Those wishing to refit from head to
foot, please call on
ALLEN & GORDEN.
Topeka, July 4th, '55.—tf.

TINWARE—Pails, Pans, Plates, Caps, Outlets, Coffee
Boilers, Milk Strainers, Moka, Sprinklers, Scoops,
Dippers, Dusters, Measures, etc. The assortment just
received by
ALLEN & GORDEN.

A. C. HINMAN,
Dealer in Groceries, Provisions, &c.,
LAWRENCE, K. T.

The above has also fitted up an Eating sa-
loon in the same building—immediately oppo-
site Hutchinson, Harlow & Co.'s store—where
warm meals, got up in the best style the Terri-
tory affords, can be had at all hours.

MEDICINES

Wholesale and Retail.

Just Received at Commercial Head Quarters
200 doz boxes Graffenberg Vegetable Pills,
50 packages Health Bitters, 75 doz boxes Green
Mountain Ointment, 60 doz bottles Eye Lotion,
50 doz Dysentery Syrup, 12 doz boxes Fever
and Ague Pills, 35 doz Children's Panacea; 40
doz Sassaaparilla, 20 doz Pin Ointment, 40 do.
Gentle Cathartic, 5 doz Consumptive's Balm,
and 100 doz Cough Candy. Another large bill
just received from New York, so that the
millions may be furnished here.
Sept. 26, '55.—tf.

All Ready for the Campaign!

THE new store of the subscribers is now
nearly completed, and they are ready for
an extensive wholesale and retail trade with
the Territory. They have much the largest
stock of Goods ever in the Territory, and it is
THE STORE!

Where you will find everything at one place.—
They have already opened an extensive whole-
sale trade with other towns, and hope a still
more extensive business in that department, for
the question is now settled that they will
wholesale Dry Goods far cheaper than any
store this side of St. Louis, and heavy goods as
cheap as can be bought there—adding freight.
Terms invariably cash.
HUTCHINSON, HARLOW & CO.
Lawrence, Oct. 10.

P. B. BROOKS,
Merchant, Mass. St., Lawrence, K. T.,
POST OFFICE BUILDING,

HAS just received a large supply of Dry
and Fancy Goods, Groceries, etc. Our
goods are all of the best quality, and we will
sell as cheap as any other establishment in the
Territory. Call and examine for yourselves.
Lawrence, Oct. 10.

STOVES can be had by calling on
ALLEN & GORDEN.

JOHN HUTCHINSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW AND SOLICITOR IN
CHANCERY,
30 Main st., Lawrence, K. T.

A. D. SEARL,
City Surveyor and Civil Engineer,
No 30 Main St., Lawrence, K. T.

DR. S. C. HARRINGTON,
Office No. 32 Massachusetts st., Lawrence,,
Oct. 10.

L. C. Tolles, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.—Office at J.
Hutchinson's, three doors south of the Her-
ald of Freedom office.
Dr. Tolles has purchased the medicines, fix-
tures, &c., belonging to the late Dr. H. Clark,
and holds himself in readiness to answer all
calls in the line of his profession.
Lawrence, Oct. 10.

Wm. Gaghan, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SUGION,
FORMERLY ASSISTANT SURGEON IN THE BRITISH ARMY
Has opened an office in Topeka, K. T., for
the general practice of his profession. An
experience of twenty-four years, gained in the
large civil and military hospitals in Great Brit-
ain and her colonies, and for the last eight years
in a large private practice in this country, will
enable him to do justice to those persons placing
their lives under his charge. He has a large and
full supply of surgical instruments, fracture ap-
paratus, &c., so that persons residing in any por-
tion of the Territory can obtain his assistance as
Consulting and Operative Surgeon.
N. B.—A fresh supply of Cow-Pock always
on hand.
Sept. 26, '55.—tf.

BACON—Hams, Shoulders, and Sides, at
ALLEN & GORDEN'S.

Excelsior Steam Saw Mill.
Having completed our new steam saw mill,
we are now prepared to furnish any desired
quantity of oak, walnut, or cottonwood lumber
or lath at reasonable rates. Terms cash. Cash
for logs.
DENNIS, LEWIS & CO.
Kickapoo City, K. T., Sept. 26.

Watches and Clocks,
For sale at Commercial Head Quarters.
Sept. 26.—tf.

Lead Pipe,
At Commercial Head Quarters. [Sep. 26. tf.

Josoph. C. Miller,
Tin, plate, and sheet iron worker, and dealer
in tin ware of every description. Persons em-
igrating to the Territory would do well not to
burthen themselves by bringing such articles,
but call and purchase of the subscriber at the
lowest possible cash prices. Job work ex-
ecuted with dispatch, in a neat and superior
style. Particular attention paid to tin roofing;
also tin gutters and leaders made to order.
Sixth st., Topeka, K. T., Sept. 2.—tf.

E. C. K. Garvey,
Real Estate Broker, has a number, of the
choicest Lots in the City for sale. [Sep. 26.—tf.

Derius Minium,
MASTER BUILDER and Architect is pre-
pared to contract for the erection of build-
ings, wood, stone, or brick on reasonable terms
and in quick order.
Oct. 10.

DENNIS & LEWIS, | J. W. DENNIS,
Fayette, Mo. | C. C. DENNIS,
Kickapoo City, K. T.

Dennis, Lewis & Co.,
Dealers in General Merchandise, Forwarding
and Commission Merchants, Proprietors of Ex-
celsior Steam Saw Mill, Kickapoo City.
Agency of St. Louis Steam Planing Mill.
Phoenix Foundry.
Todd's Mill Furnishing House.
Plant's Agricultural Warehouse.
Sept. 26.

Topeka Cheap Book Store.
BOOKS, Stationery, Paper Hangings, Ser-
Periodicals, and all goods connected with
this Trade, at Commercial Head Quarters,
under the office of the "Kansas Freeman."

Lime.
The subscriber is the owner of the right to
use Schroed-r's Perpetual Burning Lime kiln
for this Territory. One of these kilns will supply
upwards of two hundred bushels of lime per
day, and that constantly. They are, by those
who have used them, said to be the only proper
and economical ones for burning lime, when
large quantities are in demand. Those wishing
to purchase rights for portions of the Territory
may do so at reasonable rates by calling on the
subscriber at his residence near the city limits.
No. 2. F. L. CRANE.

Territorial Agency.
As Agents for Messrs. Wm. Wade & Co's St.
Louis steam planing mill, we furnish at short
notice—Ready Made Houses of 1, 2, and 4 rooms
also, every description of rough and dressed
lumber, flooring, sash, blinds, window and door
frames, of the very best quality.
As Agents for Messrs. Kingslands & Furg-
son's Phoenix Foundry, St. Louis, we furnish—
steam engines, horse powers, Page's & Child's
single and double saw mills, threshers, corn
crushers, and all kinds of castings.
As Agents for Messrs. G. & C. Todd & Co
we furnish—portable grain mills of all sizes,
bolting cloths, rubber and leather belting, and
every description of mill furnishing goods.
As Agents for Messrs. Wm. M. Plant & Co
we furnish—every description of agricultural
implements.

We also furnish wagons, carriages, bul-
gies, and any other articles of St. Louis man-
ufacture.
Terms and specifications may be obtained by
calling on us. DENNIS, LEWIS & CO.
Forwarding and Commission Merchants.
Kickapoo City, K. T., Sept. 26.

5,000 Agents Wanted
Immediately, in every part of the
States, to canvass for subscribers to the
Kansas Freeman. No capital required. Address
GARY & CO., Publishers, Topeka,
Sept. 26.—tf.

DAILY KANSAS FREEMAN

OFFICIAL ORGAN, PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

E. C. K. GARVEY, Editor and Proprietor.

J. F. CUMMINGS, Printer.

VOL. 1.

TOPEKA, KANSAS TERRITORY, OCTOBER 26, 1855.

NO. 4.

THE KANSAS FREEMAN,

IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY

BY E. C. K. GARVEY & Co.,

Publishers & Proprietors.

TERMS.—Two dollars per Annum, In Advance

Office.—In Garvey's Block, corner of Kansas Avenue and Fifth street, up stairs.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

Advertisements will be inserted conspicuously at the following rates:

1 square of ten lines, or less, one insertion.....	1 00
Every following insertion.....	25
1 square 3 months.....	3 00
do 6 do.....	5 00
do 1 year.....	8 00

Advertising Candidates..... 2 00
Liberal discounts will be made to persons advertising largely.

All obituary notices exceeding 10 lines will be charged as advertisements.

Advertisements, not specifying the number of insertions required, will be marked "ill forbid," and charged accordingly.

All transient advertisements must be paid for in advance.

All communications and letters on business with this office, must be addressed to

E. C. K. GARVEY CO., Topeka, K. T.

Daily Kansas Freeman.

TWO CENTS A COPY.

Proceedings of The Constitutional Convention.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,

TOPEKA, Wed., Oct. 25, '55.

Convention came to order according to adjournment. A communication from Josiah H. Pillsbury, delegate elect from the eighth District, resigning his seat.

On motion of Mr. Roberts of Washington, the resignation of Mr. Pillsbury was accepted, and his letter ordered to be entered on the journal in full.

The letter of Mr. Pillsbury reads as follows:

Oct. 23d, 1855,

To the President and Members of the Kansas Constitutional Convention.

GENTLEMEN:—I regret exceedingly, the providential indisposition which renders it impossible for me to attend to the Convention, at a crisis which requires every man to be

at his post. Under the existing circumstances, duty towards my constituents and the convention, renders it necessary that I should offer my resignation, that my place may be occupied by a person able to attend to the duties of a Delegate. I regret that I had not an opportunity to present this resignation at an earlier date. Be assured, gentlemen, that I feel the deepest interest in the cause in which you are engaged, and have the strongest confidence in the wisdom of your deliberations. I strongly hope, and almost believe that the result of your labors will be a Constitution, a long step in advance of that of any of the existing States. One under which the poor man will find the obtaining of Justice, easy and expeditious. One under which there will exist a very direct responsibility of the Government officers to the people, and one that will conform practically to the sublime truths of the Declaration of Independence.

Most Respectfully,

Your Obedient Servant,

JOSIAH H. PILLSBURY,

Delegate elect from the 8th District.

On motion of Mr. Hunt, of Lawrence, the following resolution was adopted.

Resolved, That this Convention proceed to the election of two transcribing clerks.

The Convention therefore made choice of John Daily and Samuel F. Tappan for that position. Mr. Daily appeared and was qualified by the President to enter upon the duties of his office. Mr. Klotz, of Pawnee, from the committee on printing, made a report which was read and accepted. Mr. Smith, of Franklin, moved to amend by adding the following:—Resolved, That the Secretary be required to furnish E. C. K. Garvey with the proceedings of this convention as he may need them for publication in the Daily Kansas Freeman.

Mr. Holliday moved to amend by inserting 2000 in the report of the committee on printing. On motion of Mr. Delahay of Leavenworth, the report and resolution of Mr. Smith was recommitted to the committee on printing.

On motion of Mr. Schuyler leave of absence was granted to Mr. Wakefield of Bloomington, until Tuesday, 30th.

On motion of Mr. Hunt the Convention adjourned.

FRIDAY, Oct. 26.

Convention met according to adjournment. Prayer was offered by the chaplain. Journal of yesterday was read. On motion of Mr. Tuton the vote whereby leave of absence of Mr. Wakefield was reconsidered, and the motion granting leave was withdrawn by Mr. Schuyler, the original mover. On motion of Mr. Parrott, the following resolution was passed:—

Resolved, That the standing committee upon the Judiciary be increased by the addition of two members. Mr. Delahay offered the following resolution:—

Resolved, That this Convention approve the principles of non-intervention in the local affairs of Kansas, as enunciated by the Nebraska, Kansas Act, and that this Convention recommend to the people of Kansas a strict observance of the principles laid down in said Act.

Mr. Roberts of Washington, moved to postpone the consideration of said resolution until Thursday next, at 2 o'clock P. M., and that it then be special order of the day.

Mr. Robinson of Lawrence, moved to lay the whole matter on the table. The Yeas and Nays, on motion of Mr. Delahay of Leavenworth, were ordered upon this motion. On the roll being called, twelve members voted in favor of the motion, and eighteen members against it.

YEAS.—Samuel McWhinney, William Graham, Charles Robinson, Morris Spaulding, J. A. Wakefield, A. Carter, J. M. Tuton, J. M. Arthur, A. Huntington, J. L. Sayle, R. H. Crosby, Sanford McDaniels, H. Burson.

NAYS.—William Graham, J. H. Lane, W. K. Goodell, G. W. Smith, J. S. Emery, O. E. Holliday, W. Y. Roberts, J. C. Schuyler, Robert Klotz, J. G. Thompson, George Hillyer, M. J. Barrett, D. Dodge, M. W. Delahay, John Landis, G. W. Stewart, Caleb May.

The amendment was rejected. Mr. Holliday of Topeka, offered the following amendment:—Resolved, That the further consideration of the resolution now before the Convention be postponed until the third Tuesday of November.

bern, and, then made the special order of the day, for 10 o'clock, A. M.

On motion, Yeas and Nays were ordered upon this amendment. On the calling of the roll, fifteen persons were found to have voted in the affirmative. So the amendment was passed.

Yeas—Messrs. Mewhinney, Robinson, Hunt, Wakefield, Curtiss, Tuton, Burson, Holliday, Arthur, Klotz, Hunting, Thompson, Cutler, Crosby, May.

The question was then taken upon the question as amended, and as the Chair was in doubt as to the result of the vote, and was about calling a division of the House in order to decide the same, Mr. Parrott of Leavenworth, moved to lay the subject upon the table. Upon this motion Mr. Holliday arose to a point of order, as follows: That after the President has arisen and stated the question, and the vote is in process of being taken thereon, that all other questions or motions are wholly debarr'd consideration during the taking of the vote, and until the same shall be announced. The President decided that, after a vote has been taken, the result of which cannot be determined the question again becomes the property of the Convention, and any suitable motion may be entertained by the Chair. From this decision Mr. Holliday appealed. The appeal was taken, and the decision of the Chair sustained. The yeas and nays were then ordered on the motion of Mr. Parrott; previous to the vote being taken Mr. Robinson raised a point of order, which after explanation was withdrawn. On the bill being called, upon the motion of Mr. Parrott, fourteen persons were found to have voted in the affirmative and sixteen in the negative; so the motion was lost.

Yeas—Messrs. Mewhinney, Graham, Goodin, Emery, Wakefield, Schuyler, Roberts, Arthur, Thompson, Parrott, Dodge, Del Ly, Stewart, McDaniell.

Nays—Messrs. Robinson, Lane, C. W. Smith, Hunt, Curtiss, Tuton, Burson, Holliday, Roberts, Hunting, Hillier, Guther, Landis, Bayle, Crosby, May.

Mr. Tuton moved a reconsideration of the resolution of Mr. Holliday, which was rejected; and then on motion of Mr. Parrott the subject was laid upon the table.

On motion of Mr. Roberts leave of absence was granted to Mr. Stewart for five days. Mr. Klotz from Committee on Printing submitted a report, which, on motion of Mr. Robinson, was laid upon the table, and one hundred copies ordered to be printed. Mr. Klotz submitted the following resolution:

Resolved, that the proceedings of this Convention be published in the Daily Kansas Freeman for the use of the officers and members, provided the proprietors will publish the proceedings of the Convention therein.

On motion of Mr. Crosby, leave of absence was granted to Mr. May until Wednesday next.

Mr. Robinson, from Committee on Public Debt and Public Works, submitted a partial report from that Committee. The report was read, and on motion of Mr. Parrott the rules were suspended. Report read a second time, referred to Committee of the Whole, and made the special order of the day for 10 o'clock.

On motion of Mr. Delaney, resolved, that all reports from Standing Committees be printed, and that the number of printed reports be 150 copies, until otherwise ordered by the Convention.

The Convention then adjourned.

The Late Election.

We are informed by gentlemen from a remote portion of the Territory, that the citizens there were in a blissful state of ignorance in regard to the late election. They assure us that twice the number of votes might have been polled for Gov. Reeder, if the counties had been canvassed in the proper manner.

On the election for Delegates to the Constitutional Convention, they

knew nothing until two or three days previous to the election, and at some precincts they knew nothing of it at all. Many of the citizens did not vote at all, because they were led to believe that there would be no other election than the one held on the first Monday of October, and quite a number of them tried to vote on that day, but were not permitted to do so, because they did not support the "right person." We hope in future that, when an election as important as the recent one, is held in this Territory, every portion of Kansas will be visited, and the people roused to a full sense of their duty.

We are confident that there are, in the northern part of the Territory, a large number of Squatters who are Free State men in principle, but are rather lukewarm, and are led to believe, by men of the opposite party, that in voting for Free State measures, they are only furthering the objects of a large number of abolitionists on the Kansas river. The objects of the Emigrant Aid Society is depicted to them in a most horrible manner. The more ignorant are led to believe that when that society becomes sufficiently powerful, the institutions of Missouri will be overturned, carnage and crime will be the order of the day, and Kansas will fall into the hands of the most ultra Abolitionists.

Every specie of calumny has been heaped upon Gov. Reeder by his enemies, and nothing has been said in his favor by his friends, and, as a natural consequence, he is in disrepute even among those who should be his friends. A large number of Free State men did not go to the polls, because they were made falsely to believe that Governor Reeder was a corrupt man.

If we have not obtained an immense majority in the Territory at this election, we may lay it solely to a want of exertion, and of sufficient time to acquaint the citizens of what we advocate.

While the citizens of Missouri have been straining every nerve, we have been enjoying a Rip Van Winkle sleep, or perhaps exerting ourselves in a portion of the Territory

already sufficiently roused, and neglecting that which required it far more than this.

Ohio Election.

The appointment of Gov. Shannon and his speech at Wyandott have their effect, and they are to be judged by the Democracy. Medill is defeated, and with him the Democratic party in Ohio. Thus it will be seen the Democrats lost hope and confidence in the Administration, and either went over to the Fusionists or stayed away from the polls, and gave Ohio, the young giant State of the West, soul and body over to Chase and his fusion allies. The whole country must share in such a disaster, for surely it could never have been supposed that the Administration appointed Gov. Shannon for the purpose of bringing before the country upon his advent in Kansas the supreme folly, to say the least of it, of endorsing Whitfield's pro-slavery platform, thus virtually ignoring the National Democracy in Kansas and out of it. That Mr. Pierce has been greatly disappointed cannot be doubted, and that the Democratic Senate will apologise to the country for his appointment by his rejection at once, does not admit of a single doubt, and afford the Administration that aid which is proper to fight the wrong done the Squatters of Kansas and the Democratic party, and at the same time join the Administration in that rebuke which his Excellency, by his shortsightedness, has to expect from Mr. Pierce for the entire disregard of the cardinal principles of the party which placed this Administration in power.—Territorial Register.

Report of Committee on Public Printing. To the President of the Constitutional Convention.

The Committee on Printing have authorized me, as their Chairman, to make the following Report to wit:

That they have accepted the bid of Mr. E. C. K. Garvey, to do the printing of all the miscellaneous matters and Bills for this Convention, he furnishing all composition at one dollar and fifty cents per thousand ems—all press work at two dollars and twenty-five cents per token, and six dollars per ream for all paper used for said purposes. That they have accepted the bid of Mr. John Speer to do the printing of the Journals and Debates of this Convention at one dollar and fifty cents per thousand ems, and two dollars and twenty-five cents per token, and six dollars per ream for paper. And that they have accepted the proposition of Mr. M. W. Delahay to do the printing of the Constitution at the same rate of prices as mentioned in the foregoing contract of Mr. John Speer.

ROBT. KLOTZ, Chairman.

Oct. 26, 1855.

The Washington Union and the Nashville Banner.

The 'Banner' quotes the prospectus of the 'Register,' together with some comments made by the Administration organ, the 'Union,' upon the position we have seen proper to maintain upon questions connected with Kansas. The 'Banner,' after drawing heavily upon our columns for a lengthy article, quotes the 'Union's' endorsement of the 'Register,' and clearly intimates that the 'Union' is a little fishy upon the question of making Kansas a free State. Whether the 'Banner' would take the ultra ground of a rabid juno in the border counties of Missouri to effect the wishes of the South upon the slavery question in Kansas, scarcely remains a problem. We think the 'Banner' is very badly posted upon the real position of affairs in this Territory. The 'Union' is, we fancy, rather in advance of the 'Banner' in this respect, and will soon be able to inform that paper that "the thing is out;" that Kansas will settle her domestic affairs for herself, to the entire satisfaction of a majority of the Squatters; that Kansas will be made a State unless the gross injustice usurps the place of right—unless the organic act is converted into a farce; unless the people are denied the right of self-government; unless foreign intruders shall usurp the ballot-box for all time to come, and render Kansas the mere vassal, appendage, or the absolute province of Missouri. The end is near at hand; it will appear in her Constitution, made and adopted by the Squatters—the qualified resident voters of Kansas. When these things come about, and they are fast maturing, then the 'Banner' may think that Kansas is a little "fishy," as well as the Administration, if, because it may be the policy of the Administration, as well as the people of Kansas, to settle all questions in Kansas in their own legitimate way, though that policy may be in favor of "free labor instead of slave. Then, we think, the sin of being a "little fishy" on the part of the 'Union' will not be such an enormity as will embarrass

either it or the Administration.—
[Kansas Ter. Register.]

TOPEKA.

This place is situated on the Kansas River exactly midway between its mouth and Fort Riley, where the river is formed by the confluence of the Republican and Smoky Hill forks. It is more nearly central of the settled portions of Kansas than any other town in the Territory; and must for a long time, if not always, enjoy the many advantages growing out of this circumstance. It is also central of one of the largest unbroken tracts of beautiful, healthful, and productive farm claims of which the Territory can so justly boast. Its local natural advantages are unsurpassed. The purest water can either be obtained from the living fountain, or by the sinking of wells to a depth less than twenty-five feet. Stone for building purposes, of the finest quality and in exhaustless quantities, abounds within the city limits. Brick of superior richness of coloring and hardness of finish, are furnished at the yard at less than six dollars per thousand. The purest limestone and sand for building can readily be procured within the city limits and the immediate vicinity. Within a range of three miles from the city several veins of stone coal have been opened which our smiths pronounce but little inferior to the Pittsburg, Pa., coal. Convenient to Topeka there are large tracts of excellent timbered lands; among which are the much talked of half-breed Kaw Lands and which are acknowledged to contain the best timber in the Territory. Topeka is connected with all the prominent places in the Territory by old and well traveled roads,—among which is the regular established route from Independence, and Kansas city, Mo., to California, making its crossing of the Kansas River at this place by the old and well known Papan Ferry. Topeka was founded on the fifth day of December, 1854, after many of the cities of Kansas had acquired both an extensive name and fame abroad. It is now in point of population, buildings, private and public, postal arrangements, printing facilities, mercantile prosperity, mechanic pursuits, church and school privileges, and of wealth, refinement, intelligence, and public improvements, generally, the ~~third~~ city in Kansas Territory. There is no place in the Territory where capital can be so profitably invested, or where the mechanic or laborer will receive so large a return for his industry.

ATTENTION!—EYES RIGHT!
This way for Bargains!
CARTER & VAUGHAN,

OF THE
Big Springs Emporium,
HAVE just arrived with an extensive and general stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hardware, Boots, Shoes, Clothing, Provisions, Paints, Oils, Drugs, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, &c., &c., &c. Our assortment is complete, and we will not be undersold.—Having permanently located ourselves at this the most desirable point in the Territory, we are bound to so transact business as to give general satisfaction. We purchased our goods for cash, and will sell at a slight advance for a like article. Give us a call, and convince yourselves.—We charge nothing for an examination of our goods.

CARTER & VAUGHAN.
P. S.—Remember our establishment: **BIG SPRINGS EMPORIUM.**
Big Springs, K. T., Oct 24, 1855.—y.

Stray Horse.
STRAYED away from the subscriber about the 1st inst., an Indian Pony Mare and Colt. The mare is a bay, with her mane out short; the colt is a dark brown, with black legs. Any person knowing their whereabouts will please give notice of the same. **J. C. K. GARREY**
Topeka, Oct. 24, 1855.

Copies of the "Kansas Freeman,"
The official organ of the Free State Party, for sale at Commercial Head Quarters. [Sep. 26.—tf]

Wood, Wood, Wood!

WE want Fifty Cords of Good Hard Wood, in exchange for the "Freeman," or for Goods at Commercial Head Quarters.
Oct. 24.

CORN MEAL

Cheaper than the Cheapest!

MR. James Burns, of Clay Co., Mo., has sent a large lot of New Meal to Commercial Head Quarters with positive instructions to sell it cheaper than the cheapest in the city. Call in and see. Mr. B. has also a large lot of superior flour which will be on hand within a week to sell twenty-five cents per bag under any house in the place.
Oct. 10, '55.

PROCLAMATION!

Glad Tidings of Great Joy!!

OH YES! OH YES! OH YES! HEAR YE! ALL IN WANT
OR

FINE & FANCY GOODS!

COMMERCIAL HEAD QUARTERS, under the office of the "Kansas Freeman," Kansas Avenue, Topeka, K. T., is now open and ready for the reception of visitors wishing to purchase Dry Goods, Groceries, Books and Stationery, Drugs and Medicines, Fancy Goods, Music, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, with ten thousand articles too numerous to mention. We admit of no rival, challenge competition, and only ask a discerning Public to give us a call and convince themselves that we undersell all others.

Topeka, K. T., Sept. 19, '55.

GUITAR and Violin Strings, and every kind of Musical Merchandise, kept constantly on hand, at Commercial Head Quarters. [Sep. 26.—tf]

CLARONETS, Flutes, Flageolets, Piccolos and Fifes, at reduced prices, at Commercial Head Quarters. Sept. 26.—tf.

Clark's Commentary,

Six vols. in calf, cheap at Commercial Head Quarters. [Sept. 26, '55.—tf]

School Books,

At Commercial Head Quarters.

[Sept. 26.—tf]

Commercial Head Quarters

Is the best place in Kansas Territory to buy

Books!

A fine selection of School and Miscellaneous Books are kept for sale at Commercial Head Quarters, among which are the Heroines of History, Heroines of the Crusades, Fox's Book of Martyr Perils, Adventures of Travelers, Farm and Fireside, Cruise in the Mediterranean, Murry Griggs, People I Have Met, Rural Letters, Funottings, Autographs for Freedom, Great Cities of the World, Frank Freeman's Barber Shop Mirror of the Soul, Antiquities of Western New York, Signs of the Declaration, Army of the United States, Geographical History of New York, Pocket and quarto Bibles, &c. Also, a large supply of Toy Books for children.

We have also a very superior article of Foolscap and Letter Papers, Pens, Pen-holders, Black Writing Fluid, Adhesive Envelopes, Faber's Pencils, &c.
Topeka, Sept. 26.—tf

Topeka Post Office.

Fitted up in up-top style, removed to Commercial Head Quarters, where all attractions center. Boxes only twenty-five cents; Drawers fifty cents per quarter. A few still unoccupied.
Sept. 26.—tf

CHEAP CASH STORE

ALLEN & GORDEN.
CORNER of Kansas Avenue and 4th Street.
Dealers in Dry Goods, Provisions, and Groceries. We sell for Cash. Keep no book accounts—and will sell cheap.

CLOTHING.

A large and well selected assortment of Gents' Clothing, Boots and Shoes, which will not fail to please. Those wishing to refit from head to foot, please call on

ALLEN & GORDEN.

Topeka, July 4th, '55.—tf.

TINWARE—Pails, Pans, Plates, Cups, Outlets, Coffee Boilers, Milk Strainers, Moka, Spoons, Scoops, Dippers, Dusters, Measures, etc. Fine assortment just received by **ALLEN & GORDEN.**

A. C. HINMAN,

Dealer in Groceries, Provisions, &c.,
LAWRENCE, K. T.

The above has also fitted up an Eating saloon in the same building—immediately opposite Hutchinson, Harlow & Co.'s store—where warm meals, got up in the best style the Territory affords, can be had at all hours.

MEDICINES,

Wholesale and Retail.

JUST Received at Commercial Head Quarters 200 doz boxes Grafenberg Vegetable Pills, 30 packages Health Bitters, 75 doz. boxes Green Mountain Ointment, 60 doz. bottles Eye Lotion, 60 do. Dysentery Syrup, 12 doz. boxes Fever and Ague Pills, 36 doz. Children's Panacea, 40 doz. Sarsaparilla, 20 doz. Pile Ointment, 40 do. Uterine Catholicon, 5 doz. Consumptive's Balm, and 100 doz. Cough Candy. Another large bill has been shipped from New York, so that the millions may be furnished here.

Sept. 26, '55.—tf.

Territorial Agency.

As Agents for Messrs. Wm. Wade & Co's St Louis steam planing mill, we furnish at short notice—Ready Made Houses of 1, 2, and 4 rooms; also, every description of rough and dressed lumber, flooring, sash, blinds, window and door frames, of the very best quality.

As Agents for Messrs. Kinglands & Furguson's Phoenix Foundry, St. Louis, we furnish—steam engines, horse powers, Page's & Child's single and double saw mills, threshers, cob and corn crushers, and all kinds of castings.

As Agents for Messrs. G. & O. Todd & Co., we furnish—portable grain mills of all sizes, bolting cloths, rubber and leather belting, and every description of mill furnishing goods.

As Agents for Messrs. Wm. M. Plant & Co., we furnish—every description of agricultural implements.

We also furnish wagons, carriages, buggies, and any other articles of St. Louis manufacture.

Terms and specifications may be obtained by calling on us. **DENNIS, LEWIS & CO.,**
Forwarding and Commission Merchants.

Kickapoo City, K. T., Sept. 26.

J. S. EMERY,

LAW OFFICE, MASS. ST.,
Up stairs, Lawrence, K. T.

Lime.

The subscriber is the owner of the right to use Schrod-r's Perpetual Burning Lime Kila for this Territory. One of these kilns will supply upwards of two hundred bushels of lime per day, and that constantly. They are, by those who have used them, said to be the only proper and economical ones for burning lime, where large quantities are in demand. Those wishing to purchase rights for portions of the Territory, may do so at reasonable rates by calling on the subscriber at his residence, near the City limits.

No. 2

Associations.

At Commercial Head Quarters. [Sep. 26.—tf.]

5,000 AGENTS WANTED

Immediately, in every part of the United States, to call for subscribers to the Kansas Freeman. A liberal commission paid for services, and no capital required. Address E. C. K. GARVEY & CO., Publishers, Topeka, K. T.
Sept. 26.—tf.

Wm. Gaghan, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

FORMERLY ASSISTANT SURGEON IN THE BRITISH ARMY
Has opened an office in Topeka, K. T., for the general practice of his profession. An experience of twenty-four years, gained in the large civil and military hospitals in Great Britain and her colonies, and for the last eight years in a large private practice in this country, will enable him to do justice to those persons placing their lives under his charge. He has a large and full supply of surgical instruments, fracture apparatus, &c., so that persons residing in any portion of the Territory can obtain his assistance as Consulting and Operative Surgeon.

N. B.—A fresh supply of Cow-Pock always on hand.
Sept. 26, '55.—tf.

BACON—Hams, Shoulders, and Sides, at **ALLEN & GORDEN'S.**

Excelsior Steam Saw Mill.

Having completed our new steam saw mill, we are now prepared to furnish any desired quantity of oak, walnut, or cottonwood lumber or lath at reasonable rates. Terms cash. Cash for logs. **DENNIS, LEWIS & CO.**
Kickapoo City, K. T., Sept. 26.

Watches and Clocks,

For sale at Commercial Head Quarters.

Sept. 26.—tf.

Law Books,

For sale at Commercial Head Quarters.
Sept. 26, '55.—tf.

WAGON AND CARRIAGE MAKING.

CHURCHILL & CRANE,
Kentucky St., Lawrence, K. T.,

Have opened a carriage shop, and commenced the manufacture of Carriages, Wagons, repairing, and all sorts of work in their line. They have arrangements in connection with their shop for blacksmithing and painting. Those in want of work are invited to give us a call.

We have two new Buggies waiting purchasers at fair prices.

Horse-Racks manufactured to order. Specimens can be seen at our shop.
Lawrence, Oct. 10.

JOHN HUTCHINSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW AND SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY,

30 Main st., Lawrence, K. T.

A. D. SEARL,

City Surveyor and Civil Engineer,
No 30 Main St., Lawrence, K. T.

DR. S. C. HARRINGTON,

Office No. 32 Massachusetts st., Lawrence.
Oct. 10.

L. C. Tolles, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.—Office at J. Hutchinson's, three doors south of the Herald of Freedom office.

Dr. Tolles has purchased the medicines, fixtures, &c., belonging to the late Dr. H. Clark, and holds himself in readiness to answer all calls in the line of his profession.
Lawrence, Oct. 10.

Money to Loan

On approved security, by **E. C. K. GARVEY.**
Sept. 26.—tf.

Wm. Gaghan, M. D.,
At Commercial Head Quarters. [Sep. 26.—tf.]

A Good Assortment Medical Works

At Commercial Head Quarters. [Sep. 26.—tf.]

Blank Books,

At Commercial Head Quarters. [Sep. 26.—tf.]

All Ready for the Campaign

THE new store of the subscribers is nearly completed, and they are ready for an extensive wholesale and retail trade in the Territory. They have much the largest stock of Goods ever in the Territory, and in

THE STORE!

Where you will find everything at one place. They have already opened an extensive wholesale trade with other towns, and hope a more extensive business in that department, the question is now settled that they will sell Dry Goods far cheaper than a store this side of St. Louis; and heavy goods cheap as can be bought there—adding freight Terms invariably cash.

HUTCHINSON, HARLOW & CO.

Lawrence, Oct. 10.

STOVES can be had by calling on **ALLEN & GORDEN.**

Merchant Tailors' Trimmings,

At Commercial Head Quarters. [Sep. 26.—tf.]

Commercial Head Quarters,

Under the office of the Kansas Freeman, Kansas avenue, Topeka, K. T., is the place find a general assortment of Goods, and at prices that challenge competition. Call and see.
Sept. 26.—tf.

LEMON SYRUP, SWEET OIL, PEPPER Sauce, Mustard, Pepper, Spices, &c., &c., &c.,
Commercial Head Quarters. Sept. 26.—tf.

Strayed,

From the subscriber about the 9th of August last, an Iron-gray Mare, sixteen hands high, years old, some white on the forehead and hind feet, with both shoulders collar-marked, rather large head, and a small scar under left eye. Any person giving information of above will be liberally rewarded, or receive dollars by delivering her at my residence in Topeka, K. T. (No. 2.) **DANIEL TURNER**

New Boarding House in Lawrence

The New House, No. 34, Massachusetts street has been opened for the reception of boarders both permanent and transient. The proprietors have spared neither labor nor expense to make their House a pleasant and comfortable home for those who favor them with their patronage. They solicit a share of public patronage, especially from those who may be able to provide themselves with lodging, though we will not let our hospitalities to such. Prices will not be essentially from those established by other houses.

C. HURD, Proprietors

L. S. HALL,

Lawrence, K. T., Sept. 26.—tf.

Boots and Shoes!

The best, very best assortment in the Territory, and at the lowest prices, can be had at Commercial Head Quarters.

P. S.—Whole cases at Boston wholesale prices, adding transportation. [Sep. 26.—tf.]

Hats and Caps,

At Commercial Head Quarters [Sep. 26.—tf.]

Sardines, Fresh and Good,

At Commercial Head Quarters. [Sep. 26.—tf.]

Broad Cloths!

A fine stock, at Commercial Head Quarters.
Sept. 26.—tf.

Ready Made Clothing,

At Commercial Head Quarters. [Sep. 26.—tf.]

Homeopathy Alcohol,

At Commercial Head Quarters. [Sep. 26.—tf.]